English Progression Map: EYFS



"Our DREAM is for greatness in our learning. To BELIEVE, in our unique talents and gifts and ACHIEVE a better world, living life to the full."

This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for Writing, Reading and Spoken Language within the National Curriculum. The tables below outline the most relevant statements from the Early Learning Goals in the Early Years Statutory Framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four Year Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for English.

Writing

Writing : Transcription Spelling Phonics and Spelling Rules		
Three and Four Year Olds	Literacy	 Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; write 'm' for mummy.
Reception	Literacy	 Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with the letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and a full stop.

Writing : Transcription Handwriti Letter Formation, Placement and		
Three and Four Year Olds	Physical Development	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Shows a preference for a dominant hand.
	Literacy	Write some letters accurately.

Reception	Physical Development	 Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. #Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.
	Literacy	■ Form lower case and capital letters correctly.
ELG	Physical Development	 Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases
	Literacy	 Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Writing: Composition Planning, Writing and Editing		
	Communication and Language	Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.
Three and Four Year Olds	Literacy Expressive Arts and Design	 Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example, writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; write 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name. Write some letters accurately. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment, like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc
	Communication and Language	 Learn new vocabulary. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen.
Reception		 Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts.

	Expressive Arts and Design	 Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Form lower case and capital letters correctly. Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with the letter/s. Write short sentences with words with known letter-sound correspondences using a capital letter and a full stop. Re-read what they have written to check it makes sense. Develop storylines in their pretend play.
ELG	Literacy Writing	 Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
	Expressive Arts and Design Being Imaginative and Expressive	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and teachers.

Writing: Awareness of Audience, Purpose and Structure		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Use a wider range of vocabulary. Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver."
Reception	Communication and Language	 Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen. Develop social phrases. Use new vocabulary in different contexts

Communication and ELG Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently
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Writing : Vocabulary, Grammar a Sentence Construction and Tens		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Understand 'why' questions, like: 'Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?' Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. Use longer sentences of four to six words.
Reception	Communication and Language	 Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives
ELG	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Use of Phrases and Clauses		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Use longer sentences of four to six words.
Reception	Communication and Language	 Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives

ELG	Communication and Language	 Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.
	Speaking	

etry and Performance		
	Communication and Language	 Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.
Three and Four Year Olds	Expressive Arts and Design	 Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like anima sets, dolls and dolls houses etc. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.
Reception	Communication and Language	 Engage in story times. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the texsome as exact repetition and some in their own words. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.
	Expressive Arts and Design	 Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Develop storylines in their pretend play.
ELG	Literacy Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
	Expressive Arts and Design Creating with Materials	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
	Expressive Arts and Design Being Imaginative and Expressive	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with their peers and the teacher. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.

Non-Fiction		
Reception	Communication and Language	 Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
ELG	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
	Literacy Comprehension	 Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play

Reading

Reading: Word Reading Phonics and Decoding		
Three and Four Year Olds	Literacy	 Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: spot and suggest rhymes count or clap syllables in words recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother
Reception	Literacy	 Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences. Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.
ELG	Literacy Word Reading	 Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

Reading: Common Exception Words		
Reception	Literacy	Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.

Reading: Fluency		
Three and Four Year Olds	Literacy	 Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: spot and suggest rhymes count or clap syllables in words recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Understand the five key concepts about print:

		 print has meaning the names of different parts of a book print can have different purposes page sequencing we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom
Reception	Literacy	 Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
ELG	Literacy Reading	 Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

Reading: Comprehension		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?" Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.
	Literacy	 Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.
Reception	Communication and Language	 Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary
ELG	Communication and Language	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

Reading: Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.
Reception	Understanding the World	 Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.
ELG	Communication and Language Listening, Attention and Understanding	 Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate

eading: Words in Context and	Authorial Choice	
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Use a wider range of vocabulary.
	Literacy	 Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.
Reception	Communication and Language	 Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary
ELG	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Literacy Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play
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Reading: Inference and Prediction		
Three and Four Year Olds	Communication and Language	 Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?"
FIG	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate
ELG	Literacy Comprehension	 Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories

Poetry and Performance		
	Communication and Language	 Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.
Three and Four Year Olds	Expressive Arts and Design	 Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know
Reception	Communication and Language	Engage in story times.

		 Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.
	Expressive Arts and Design	 Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Develop storylines in their pretend play.
ELG	Literacy Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
	Expressive Arts and Design Creating with Materials Being Imaginative and Expressive	 Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with their peers and their teacher. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.

Non-Fiction		
Reception	Communication and Language	 Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
ELG	Communication and Language Speaking	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
	Literacy Comprehension	 Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play